

THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol 14 No. 21

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, September 12, 1929

Subscription \$1.50 per year, in advance



Car Fruit

Our Preserving Fruit HAS ARRIVED. Get your order in early and insure getting the variety you want. The prices are right.

Prunes about.....	\$1.10
Peaches about.....	\$1.85
Pears from.....	\$3.25 to \$4.35
Apples (crates).....	\$2.25 to \$2.50
Potatoes, per bushel.....	\$2.50
Onions, per 100 lbs.....	\$4.00
Tomatoes (ripe and green), Plums, Cukes, Crabs, etc.	

CALL AND SEE US.

Acadia Produce Co.

QUALITY-ECONOMY-SERVICE

G. W. RIDEOUT

GEO. E. AITKEN

How are your COAL BINS? Our's are nearly full

Stove Coal - - \$6.50 per ton
Double Screen Lump \$7.50 "

Banner Hardware Chinook, Alta.

Beef, Pork and Cured Meats

FRESH FISH EVERY
FRIDAY

WE ARE HERE TO SERVE YOU !

Chinook Meat Market

Chinook Cafe

Our Cafe has been thoroughly renovated and is comfortable and clean—the place you can enjoy your meals.

BOOTHES FOR
LADIES

Rooms in Connection

Cigars, Cigarettes and
Tobaccos

Soft Drinks. Fruit in Season

Confectionery and Ice

Cream Parlor

Chem Sam, Prop.

Boys—When we reach that bend in the road, I'm going to kiss you
Girls—Isn't that going a bit too far?

CHINOOK MARKET PRICES

WHEAT

1 Northern.....	\$1.33
2 Northern.....	1.34
3 Northern.....	1.28
No. 4.....	1.19
No. 5.....	1.04
No. 6.....	.83
Feed.....	.69

OATS

2 C. W.....	.57
3 C. W.....	.54
Feed.....	.54

BARLEY

3 C. W.....	.60
4 C. W.....	.55
Feed.....	.47

KYE

2 C. W.....	.91
3 C. W.....	.86

FLAX

1 N. W.....	2.63
2 C. W.....	2.59
3 C. W.....	2.32

BUTTER AND EGGS

Butter.....	.25
Eggs.....	.25

LOCAL ITEMS

Mr. John Jack of Fillmore, Sask., who for some years was bank manager at Cereal, also Mrs. Jack, visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wright Lawrence last week.

F. E. Foster, who spent a year with his sister in California (in company with a nephew) motored back to Alberta, arriving here on Friday.

John Howton, who has spent the summer vacation with his sister, Mrs. McGuffin, of Castart, arrived home Saturday night.

A few ladies from town motored out to the home of Mrs. Wright Lawrence to celebrate her birthday on Wednesday afternoon.

Messrs. Meade, Otto and Peter son were business visitors to Calgary this week.

The Ladies' Aid met on Wednesday, Sept. 11th, at the home of Mrs. L. Robinson. The attendance was small.

David Turnbull, north-east of Cereal, purchased a new Fordor this week from Cooley Bros.

W. A. Hurley motored to Saskatoon this week with his daughter Norma, who will attend school there.

R. Morrison of the Service Garage left on Monday night for Calgary on a business trip.

The farmers are not getting on with their work as well as they would like to owing to small showers wetting the grain.

Word was received on Wednesday that W. R. Hawkshaw, who was at one time harness maker here, had died at Wayne on Sept. 9th.

The Card Club met on Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. C. E. N. F. The prize winner was Mrs. Rennie, the prize being a very fine sugar and cream set of chinaware. The next meeting will be at the home of Mrs. Todd.

The new hotel at Cereal was opened on Tuesday, Sept. 10th. A number motored from Hanna, including Fred Kolb, manager of the National Hotel, to see that things got away to a good start. The dance in the evening was attended by a number of Chinook citizens, who report they enjoyed themselves.

Big Stone

The Prairie Rock Club met at the home of Mrs. H. Smith, Glemmons, on Aug. 19th. A very pleasant time was spent by all. The next meeting will be held at Mrs. F. Hobson's on Sept. 15th.

H.B. Railway Not

Open Until Spring

Hon. C. A. Dunning, minister of railways and canals, announced Tuesday that, after consultation with officials of the Canadian National Railways, the conclusion had been reached that it would be unwise to establish public passenger and freight service over the new railway to Churchill this fall, or to encourage excursion parties. By next spring the road will be ready for formal opening.

A two million bushel elevator will be built at the port instead of the one million ton originally recommended. The elevator and a deep water dock will be ready for use by the fall of 1931.

Wheat Pool News Letter

The Alberta Wheat Pool is making a determined effort to point out to Pool members the importance of delivering Pool grain to Pool elevators where it is possible, in view of the light crop in Alberta this year.

The Pool elevator system was built up for the purpose of giving service and protection to the membership. Three years ago there were four Pool elevators in Alberta. Today there are 437, representing an investment of over \$6,000,000 of Pool farmers' money. This investment must be protected.

Pool members should realize that it is a matter of very great importance for the selling agency to have Pool wheat readily available at all times. When Pool wheat is delivered to Pool elevators it is always available to the selling agency.

This great elevator system was developed because Pool farmers insisted that this course be taken. For years the head office of the Wheat Pool has been deluged with requests and even demands for Pool elevators. Now it is up to Pool farmers to show their appreciation of their own system by delivering their wheat to Pool elevators.

The introduction of combines and auto trucks has speeded up harvesting on the Canadian prairies to a remarkable degree. The result has been an unprecedented flow of grain to the elevators during a brief period in the fall. In order to restrict this glut as much as possible the Alberta Wheat Pool is offering a bonus of two cents a bushel for wheat held on farms until December 2nd, 1929. Wheat producers should realize it is not good business to deliver the crop in such a hurried manner that it has a reactionary effect on the market.

The Wheat Pool has not made a practice of compelling Pool farmers to deliver their crop in one crop year. For instance, some Pool farmers have carried wheat from their 1928 crop past the date of the closing of 1929 Pool. No objections have been made by the Pool against this practice. A recent news item issued by the Wheat Pool mentioned that action had been taken against a few Pool members who had not delivered their 1928 wheat to the Pool. This has been construed by some to mean that all Pool wheat should be delivered within the Pool year. As a matter of fact the action was taken because the wheat had been delivered outside the Pool.

Many Pensions Granted

Applications for pensions under the Old Age Pensions Act are being granted at the rate of from 75 to 100 each week, approximately 200 payments having been made to date.

More than 3,000 enquiries and applications have been received in the province. The department is busy obtaining proofs of age, residence and nationality, which must be filed before applicants are eligible for the pension. This work has been slower than expected, but it is expected that records will be completed regularly at the rate mentioned.

Salary Boost For Thornton

The salary of Sir Henry Thornton, president of the Canadian National Railways, is under review by the cabinet. His second con-

VALUES

BULK TEA (equal to any 65c package).....	49c
MALKIN'S BEST COFFEE, in vacuum sealed tins.....	70c
JELLY POWDERS, 12 for.....	\$1.00
CHOICE TOMATOES, by the case.....	\$3.65
The Offer on MEN'S WORK SHOES is still good	

VALUE

HURLEY'S

ALBERTA

We expect our Preserving Fruit in AROUND SEPT. 12th. Our prices will be low. "CARLOAD LOT PRICES."

Boots, Shoes and Socks

Leather and Canvas Gloves

Suit Cases and Trunks

Shot Gun Shells and Waders

30 Calibre 14a Remington Rifle as good as new. A Bargain

S. H. SMITH

Phone 14. Chinook

The Acadia Hotel

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT
NEWLY RENOVATED

Solicits a share of your patronage, and guarantees service equal to anything rendered in the past.

J. G. CONNELL, Manager CHINOOK

tract with the government expired last October. It is now reported that a salary of \$100,000 a year is under consideration.

The president of the National Railways was first engaged in October, 1923, on a three year contract of \$50,000 a year. This contract was renewed in October, 1926, at an increase of \$15,000, making \$65,000 annually.

The second contract expired last October, but the new contract has been hanging fire for some time. It develops that in addition to his \$65,000, Sir Henry has been getting \$10,000 as travelling expenses, making \$75,000 in all.

The Province of Alberta will be well represented at the forthcoming world's poultry congress to be held in 1930, at the Crystal Palace, London, England, according to L. F. Burrows, of Ottawa, secretary-treasurer of the Canadian Horticultural Council, and chairman of the provincial and Canadian exhibits committee, for the forthcoming congress.

Payments to the extent of over ninety-nine million dollars were made to Canadian policyholders during 1928, almost half of that sum having been paid to living policy holders in matured endowments, disability claims, life annuities, etc.

Owing to the recent Canadian order against the importation of Scottish cattle, British Union Press

A large shipment of Fresh Chocolate Bars Candies, etc.

Try our Sunday CHICKEN DINNER From 12 to 8.30

ACADIA CAFE R. MART - Manager

Chinook Theatre

Friday & Sat'day Sept. 13-14

The Schmelling vs. Uczundun Fight
AND
The Red Mark

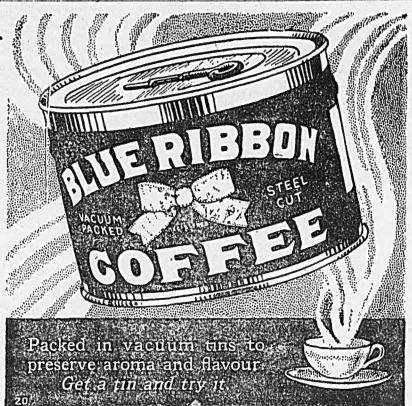
Next Week

"HOT NEWS"

Bebe Daniels as a new real camera girl puts a hot one over her male rival.

Let's Laugh and Grow Young

shipping to the Alberta ranch some recent purchases of pedigree Ayrshire cattle.



Britain and Canada

Canada is honored at the present time by having among its visitors three notable British statesmen, Hon. J. H. Thomas, Minister of Employment in the Ramsay MacDonald Government; Hon. Winston S. Churchill, former Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Mr. Amery, former Minister for the Dominions. Mr. Churchill and Mr. Amery are in Canada on holiday, but they are none the less closely studying conditions and ascertaining the sentiment of this country in regard to vital questions of Empire policy such as immigration, trade and commerce, and the possibilities of closer relationships in matters for the general advancement of both Mother Country and this Dominion.

On the other hand, Mr. Thomas' visit to Canada is made in his official capacity as Minister of Employment with the object of endeavoring to find out in what ways Canada can assist in solving the serious unemployment problem in Britain without doing injury to itself, and, having discovered, or evolved, ways and means to accomplish this object, to secure the co-operation of the Canadian Government and the Canadian people in carrying them into effect.

Fortunately, the first impression created by Mr. Thomas' mission has been removed. As the minister charged with the task of solving the unemployment problem in Britain, it was felt that Mr. Thomas was coming to Canada with the idea of developing some immigration policy whereby large numbers if British unemployed would be transferred to this Dominion. Anxious as Canada may be to have a large proportion of its incoming settlers of British birth, this Dominion is not prepared to have thousands of men dumped into the country solely because they cannot find work at home and who have no training or aptitude for life in this land. Mr. Thomas has made it abundantly clear that he has no such intention; on the contrary, Mr. Thomas declares: "It is not my aim to solve my unemployment problem by creating one for you." Unemployment and immigration are, he says, two quite separate and distinct problems and should be tackled as such.

Then what is Mr. Thomas' proposal to Canada? It is simple, clear-cut, workable, and one that should find favor with, and the sympathetic support of the people of Canada. In a word it is that our large Canadian corporations, and our people generally, should, when making purchases buy British-made goods and articles, if such are not made in Canada, in preference to buying from any other country. He has asked the Dominion Government to give encouragement and support to such a policy. He has sat down in conference with the heads of the Canadian Pacific and Canadian National Railways and asked them to follow such a policy. He has said to the officials of the Canadian Wheat Pool: "Britain is the largest purchaser of your wheat. We are your best customer, just as we are Canada's best customer. Thus, when you require machinery or other things Canada itself does not manufacture and cannot supply, we ask you to buy from us, rather than from others."

This should appeal to the people of Canada as good business. It is a self-respecting proposal for both parties to it. For example, Mr. Thomas points out that Canada imports over 16,000,000 tons of coal from the United States. He wants, and says he is going to get, some of that coal business for Britain—Canada's best customer—and thereby assist the coal mining industry of the Old Land and supply work for some of the thousands of unemployed miners there, as well as cargoes for British boats, thus providing employment for British dock hands, sailors, and all and sundry having to do with the business of shipping.

Such a policy will strike a responsive chord with the people of Western Canada, who are not particularly favourable to any policy of restrictive tariffs, or other forms of restraint on trade, and who firmly believe that the proper policy for this Dominion to pursue is to offset tariff action by other countries against Canada by further reducing tariffs on British goods and thereby assisting to substitute British-made goods for those of other countries.

The success of such a policy lies largely with the individual Canadian citizen. He can make it a success by stipulating when making any purchases that, first, he must have an article made in Canada, and, if that cannot be obtained, second, that it be British-made. Importers, wholesalers, distributors, retailers, will quickly adjust their stocks to comply with the popular demand.

Leaving all sentiment aside, it is good business for the people of Canada to support and buy from their best customer. The more we buy from Britain, the more Britain can afford to buy from us.

Silver Dollar Out of Date

Fifty Million in U.S. Treasury But No Demand For Them

The silver dollar has joined the horse and buggy and other remnants of the past and has faded from circulation, while the silver half-dollar is still used in the West, but is going out of use in the East, because quarters are favored for tipping, according to U.S. Treasury officials.

At the present time there are about 50,000,000 silver dollars tied up in the Treasury to back up silver.

Stop Sneezing

Nip that cold in the bud with Minard's. Heat and inhale.

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

W. N. U. 1802

ver certificates, although they could easily be placed in circulation if there were a demand for them.

New Car For King George

Has Six Wheels and Will Travel Over Roughest Roads

A six-wheeled motor car built to go anywhere on land has been delivered to the King at Sandringham, Norfolk. It is an all-British production designed to travel over the roughest moors and broken ground and even over ploughed land, while it can travel at 60 miles an hour on the open road. The car has detachable rubber caterpillar treads for really rough ground.

The proposed canal across Nicaragua, to link the Atlantic and Pacific, would be bigger than the Panama Canal.

A new type of lifeboat, recently tested in British waters, holds 300 passengers and is equipped with radio.

Any job is easy when you like it and hard when you dislike it.

Was Victim Of Glacier

Body Of Austrian Recovered After Eighty-Three Years

Eighty-three years ago, Norbert Mattersberger, at the time 32 years old, husband of Magda, and father of Franz Otto, failed to return to his cottage, in the village of Kals, Austria, one day from the woods, where he won his living hunting game. A rescue party from the village decided he had been caught in an avalanche of ice.

Recently Mattersberger was found home just as he left that day in 1846. The glacier had given up its prey. Although clean shaven, according to family records, when he left, he had a two-inch beard when a party of hunters found him on the edge of the glacier. The body, clothes, and weapons were in a perfect state of preservation.

Frans Mattersberger is now 86.

His father was buried at Kals, while grandchildren and great-grandchildren mourned at his grave.

WHAT OUR GIRLS NEED

When Languid, Anemic and Feeling Run Down

When a girl grows languid, dull and irritable, when her color fades and she loses her appetite, you may be sure that the cause is not an impoverished blood. The bright, red color of the blood is caused by the presence in it of millions of tiny red corpuscles. It is these tiny bodies that give the nourishment and oxygen to the tissues. They also cause the glow of health in cheeks and lips.

When a girl's blood is deficient in these red corpuscles her body is semi-nutritious and may not absorb and there is serious danger of a deficiency. What is needed is an improvement in the quality of the blood, and it is a scientific fact that Dr. W. H. Phillips' Pink Pills will enrich and purify the blood that all traces of anemia and its accompanying weaknesses will disappear. As an evidence of the value of Dr. Phillips' Pink Pills in cases of this kind, Mrs. John Flinn, Howian Station, P.E.I., says: "I am glad to take this opportunity of recommending Dr. Phillips' Pink Pills. My daughter was in a body and down condition; very pale, nervous and much under weight. We tried several medicines, but they did not seem to do any good, so I decided to give her Dr. Phillips' Pink Pills. I began from the start she began to improve, and after the use of a few boxes she had gained in weight, her appetite improved and she had a better complexion, and now she has had full regained her former good health. I would advise every mother of young girls to give them Dr. Phillips' Pink Pills at the first sign of anemia and its condition. You can get these pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50c. a box from Dr. Phillips' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

World Harvest Larger

Wheat Acreage of Many Countries Increased in Last Year

Present indications are that the world acreage of wheat to be harvested in the season 1929-30 will be larger than that of last year. The 1929 wheat acreage in 21 countries is estimated to be five million acres larger than in 1928. Areas reported in all European countries total 56,500,000 acres, an increase of 1.4 per cent. over last year.

Worms in children's coats have ripened pastas to attack the tender lining of the intestines and if left to pursue their ravages undisturbed, will ultimately perforate the wall, because these worms are of the hook variety that cling to the intestinal lining. The single Miller Worm Parasite will not only exterminate these worms, of whatever variety, but will serve to repair the injury they have done.

Chinese writers state that in the third century B.C., China had wide highways lined with shade trees spaced at intervals of thirty feet.

An Indian spider's web, only six inches wide, was found to contain over 41,000 meshes.

Cramps
Diarrhoea
Pains in Stomach

Mr. Roy Lighthill, Milford, Ont., writes: "I became very ill; lost my appetite, had cramps, diarrhoea, and severe pains in my stomach. I purchased a bottle of 'Fowler's' and before I had taken half of it I was completely relieved, and have had no more symptoms of the trouble since."

"I cannot praise 'Fowler's' Extract enough, and will never be without a bottle of it in the house."

"It is pleasant to take and acts very quickly."

"My brother has the same experience with it as I had."

"Dr. Fowler's" has been on the market for over 84 years, and you don't experiment when you buy it. Price 90 cents a bottle at all dealers; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Minard's Liniment

Wonderful Discovery
Of German Experts

Treatment Given To Living Trees
Makes Lumber Party Fireproof

A thin mineral soup, fed to living trees to make their wood party fireproof after it has been cut and made into boards, has been invented by experts of the College of Forestry, at Tharandt, Germany. The process is a modification of one invented some time ago to dye the wood of a living tree to any desired colour. For this purpose solutions of the desired dyes were placed in holes bored in the tree close to the ground. As the sap rose, the dye went with it, gradually coloring the wood. In the new fireproofing process, the dye solution is replaced by a bowl of the new "soup" containing compounds of silicon and fluorine and other chemical elements, so arranged that the solution flows little by little into a hole bored in the tree trunk. As with the dye solution, the chemicals are absorbed slowly by the tree and carried up by the rising sap into every fibre of the wood. The solution is too diluted to damage the living cells of the tree. Instead, its chemicals are gradually converted into mineral deposits throughout the wood, such as happens in the course of millions of years to wood buried in mineralized ground and slowly turned into stony fossil. To carry this mineralizing process too far in the tree is intended for timber is untrue, since the mineral deposits make the wood harder to saw. The German experts claim to have succeeded, however, in mineralizing trees just enough to make their wood almost fireproof without destroying its properties as wood.

Might Be Good Idea

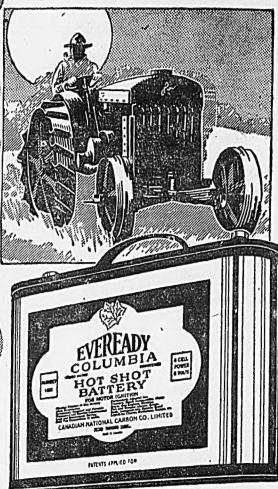
Everyone In Japan Competed To Carry Identification Disc

"Where's your identification disc?" In the near future you may be stopped by a policeman and asked this question. And if you can't produce the disc, it may mean a police court summons and a fine, says a writer in Answers. This may sound far-fetched, but a coroner remarked the other day that it would be a good thing if everybody carried an identification disc of some kind, and was informed by a police officer that this was compulsory in Japan. There everyone wears such a disc around the neck from birth onwards. Apart from the convenience in accident cases, it would also be a safeguard against loss of memory, of which there have been many instances.

Southern Alberta Beet Crop

Two of the carriage horses recently presented to the King and Queen of England, Caesar and Castor, must attend school and take music lessons before they are allowed in State processions. They are "schoolied" in the riding school of Buckingham Palace in the midst of clamor and noise similar to that created by bands and crowds during public demonstrations.

POWER



Unconquered by days of heavy toil. Full of fire for the next tough ignition job—Eveready Hot-Shots have made themselves a national reputation for sheer strength and long life. Metal cases shed water—keep out penetrating damp and save battery power. Look for the name Eveready on each battery—if it's not an Eveready, it's not a genuine "Hot-Shot."

Canadian National Carbon Co., Limited
Calgary
Vancouver
TORONTO
Montreal
Owning Eveready Battery Station C.N.C., Toronto



Eveready Ignitors
are the single dry
cells made for
use in unexpected
places.

EVEREADY
Dry Batteries
—they last longer

Must Attend School

Southern Alberta Beet Crop
Two of the carriage horses recently presented to the King and Queen of England, Caesar and Castor, must attend school and take music lessons before they are allowed in State processions. They are "schoolied" in the riding school of Buckingham Palace in the midst of clamor and noise similar to that created by bands and crowds during public demonstrations.

Minard's Liniment—Used for 50 Years.

Several Canadians Also Received Honorary Degree At Dalhousie University

America's minister to Canada, Hon. William Phillips, and Canada's minister to the United States, Hon. Vincent Massey, were among those receiving honorary degrees at Dalhousie University's re-union convocation. Other distinguished men to be honored were Hon. E. Rhodes, P.C., Premier of Nova Scotia; Hon. A. MacLean, president of the Exchequer Court of Canada; Col. the Hon. J. L. Ralston, Minister of National Defence, and Chief Justice A. M. Morrison, of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will drive worms from the system without injury to the child, because its action, while fully effective is mild.

New Company Organized

Will Manufacture Briquettes From Dried Coal In Souris District

The Canadian Coal Briquettes & Power, Ltd., has been organized by a group of prominent financiers and coal men in western Canada to manufacture briquettes from the dried raw coal of the Souris District of southern Saskatchewan. Dried lignite coal and powdered fuel will also be manufactured. The Company, it is stated, owns 800 acres of coal in the Souris District with an estimated tonnage of 8,000,000 tons.

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will drive worms from the system without injury to the child, because its action, while fully effective is mild.

Keep Foods
Deliciously Fresh

Keep your foods—cakes, bread, pies, cut meats, etc., under a covering of Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper. You'll be amazed at the length of time they'll stay *fresh...delicious!* Para-

Sani keeps them from staling.

Get Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary knife-edged carton.

For less exacting uses ask for Appleford's "Centre Pull" Pack in sheet form.

Appleford Paper Products

HAMILTON
ONT.

Western Representatives:
HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

GREAT BRITAIN'S FOREIGN POLICY ONE OF PEACE

Victoria.—Great Britain's foreign policy has never been one of subservience to France, but one for the preservation of peace in Europe, Rt. Hon. Winston Churchill, former chancellor of the exchequer and the Baldwin Government, declared here.

He was addressing a luncheon given in his honor, where nearly 1,000 persons greeted him enthusiastically. The gathering was sponsored by the Canadian Club and National Council of Education.

He had gathered, said Mr. Churchill, that there had been tendencies to misrepresent the foreign policy of which he spoke. Britain had ever recognized, he recalled, that reconciliation between France and Germany was the primary objective of European diplomats and leaders. All other problems were of lesser importance. Through the treaty of Locarno the bringing of these two nations into closer comradeship had been attained.

"We have always been anxious that Germany should resume her place in the family of Europe, and that has been achieved. Not that we did that at the expense of the allies with whom we stood side by side during those long war years," he said. "Our policy in Europe has been clear, keen, and consistent."

Britain had very old and highly valued associations with Japan, he said, dealing with the policy in the east. He had always found his confidence in the government of Japan strengthened by all its conduct.

In broadening the Anglo-Japanese alliance at Washington to include the United States, the Pacific ocean had been placed in a position of security that did not belie its name.

"I think you will agree the British policy in China has been successful," he declared, pointing out that a very difficult period had been passed through and consolidation was now in sight.

Reduce Running Time

Canadian National To Consider Matter Of Increasing Speed From Montreal To Vancouver

Winnipeg, Man.—Immediate consideration is being given to the matter of cutting the running time of Canadian National trains from Montreal to Vancouver in conformity with the proposed cut of 10 hours for transcontinental trains by the Canadian Pacific, as recently announced by President Beatty, according to a statement made by Sir Henry Thornton, K.B.E., president of the Canadian National Railways, just prior to his departure for Montreal.

The president who was accompanied by Lady Thornton, left on his special train for the East. This marks the conclusion of Sir Henry's annual tour of western lines, in the course of which he said he had once more had occasion to note with admiration the optimism of Canadians in the west, under trying circumstances.

He referred to the adverse crop conditions. While a national disaster had been narrowly averted, the morale of the western had not been affected. Nor had the faith of the Canadian National in the west, he added, stating that the plans for expansion which had been in progress would be continued while new ones were being considered.

Valuation Of Beech Property

Holding Of Phoenix Homesteader At Fort Churchill Are Appraised

The Pass, Man.—The heirs of the late Capt. William Beech, pioneer homesteader at Fort Churchill, accompanied by their solicitors have arrived from the Hudson Bay port. The party had gone north to obtain an expert valuation of the property, which is now the subject of exchequer court proceedings.

Nothing was divulged in regard to the valuation placed on the 2000 acres held by the Beech family at Churchill.

The case will come before a court hearing in Winnipeg about the end of the month.

Boat Strikes Whales

Yarmouth, N.S.—Striking a 50-foot whale some miles southwest of Yarmouth Cape, the steamer "Yarmouth" only freed itself an hour later by stopping and backsliding away from the huge mammal.

From 1885 to 1927 there were 4,266 lynchings in the United States.

W. N. U. 1802

Big Aviation Event

Important Race For Aviators May Be Held In Canada

Toronto.—The rapid development of air navigation in Canada during the past few years promises to culminate in an aviation event in this country which, it is expected here, will rival in importance the international classic of Europe.

In view of the fact, as a result of the training received in the war, Canada numbers a considerable body of expert air navigators, and in view of the inevitable tendency towards international air meets, C. O. Stillman, president of the Imperial Oil Company, has made an informal announcement to the effect that his company contemplates a contribution of \$50,000 for the purpose of promoting an international race to be called "The Imperial Air Derby." This race will begin at some prominent flying centre in the United States, end at a Canadian field, on some date next year to be announced later.

The amount suggested as prizes is said to be far in excess of any amount yet offered on this continent for an air race, and it is bound to attract the premier pilots and the most modern machines not only of Canada and the United States, but of other countries.

Western Air Mail

Service Expected To Commence About October First

Ottawa.—Inauguration of 1,250 miles of air mail service on the prairies is expected about Oct. 1, linking Winnipeg with Edmonton, Alberta, and thereby giving a day's fine between the two cities. G. Herring, chief superintendent of the Dominion Air Mail Service, is now in the west making arrangements with the Western Canadian Airways Company, of Winnipeg, while Hon. P. J. Venlet, postmaster-general, plans to go to Winnipeg to officiate at the formal opening of the service.

There are two routes planned for daily service, it was learned at the postmaster-general's department, the one from Winnipeg via Regina, Moose Jaw, Calgary and Camrose, and the other from Regina via Saskatoon and North Battleford to Edmonton.

Next year, it is indicated, the air mail service will likely be established across the Rockies to the Pacific Coast, giving practically a Dominion-wide air mail service from Rimouski in the Gulf of St. Lawrence and the arrival of ships from Europe.

Canada's National Parks

American Visitor Thinks Parks Of British Columbia Ahead Of Those In United States

Washington.—A trip through the Canadian Rocky Mountain National Park has convinced Mayor Ralph Bauer, of Lynn, Mass., that the management and upkeep of the British Columbia park is far ahead of the American National Parks, which he has also toured. He has written a letter to Senator David I. Walsh, to this effect, and the senator has asked the national park service to investigate.

Mayor Bauer stated that the Canadian roads were better made, and wider and were well oiled. There was no charge for admittance and the whole reservation seemed to be for the people to whom it belongs rather than for concessions "in an effort to bleed the people to the last dollar possible."

Milk Shortage In Ontario

Toronto, Ont.—Dry weather may bring a milk shortage in Ontario, according to George H. Barr, provincial dairying director. Toronto milk dealers have announced an advance in price of one cent a quart. John Carroll, of the Department of Agriculture, states that heavy crop losses may be the result from the most extreme spell in years.

Grows Apples In Saskatoon

Saskatoon, Sask.—Apples that compare favorably in size and taste with those grown in British Columbia, have been produced this year in Saskatoon. George Pow, of this city, has a two-year-old tree that produced more than 400 good-looking Blushed Caville apples. He also grows cherries and plums in his back yard.

Java Sugar Arrives

Montreal.—With the first shipment of sugar from Java for Canada, in at least 20 years, the S.S. Clan Skene, arrived at Montreal on 73,000 bags from Tjilatjap, on the south coast of Java. The steamer made the journey in 48 days, sailing from Tjilatjap on July 13.

British Settlers For Coast Province

\$400,000,000 Is Received For Purpose Of Facilitating Plan

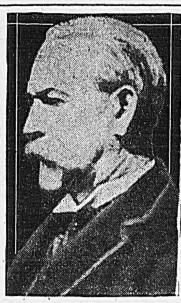
London, Eng.—The required sum of \$400,000,000 for the establishment of the Empire Development Corporation assured, according to an assertion by Dr. C. T. Galbraith, in London newspapers recently—an assertion that is causing much rejoicing in official quarters. Dr. Galbraith is here in connection with the movement of settlers from the Old Country to British Columbia.

Dr. Galbraith says it is proposed that the corporation should acquire 20,000,000 acres in British Columbia and settle thereon 20,000 British families.

Premier Tolmie has requested Mr. Thomas to send a representative to British Columbia, "he declared, "and I am only waiting the approval of the scheme by Premier MacDonald, Lord Passfield, Mr. Thomas and Premier Tolmie."

It is proposed that the governments of Britain and British Columbia should have representatives on advisory boards and that British and Canadian trades unions also will have representatives. Opportunities to co-operate would be offered to organizations carrying on empire settlement operations."

VETERAN NEWSPAPERMAN



Edward H. Macklin, president of the Manitoba Free Press, who was honored at Winnipeg on the 50th anniversary of his entry into his profession.

Trans-Canada Telephone

Line From Halifax To Vancouver To Be In Operation Soon

Edmonton, Alberta.—Within two years a trans-Canada telephone line will be completed from Halifax to Vancouver, and Canadians will be able to talk from coast to coast over an all-Canadian wire, delegates to the ninth annual convention of the Telephone Association of Canada, were told during their five-day meeting at Jasper recently.

The line, it was explained, will cost \$10,000,000. Already it is possible to talk by telephone between the different provinces, but for conversation over a greater distance United States lines must be utilized.

Some 72 delegates from every telephone system in Canada attended the convention, and many phases of the telephone business were discussed.

Succeeding Hon. Vernon W. Smith, Minister of Railways and Telephones for Alberta, James Hamilton, general manager of the B. C. Telephone Company, Vancouver, was elected president of the association. Other officers chosen were: Vice-President, E. L. Loverry, commissioner of the Manitoba Telephone System, Winnipeg; permanent secretary, A. M. Mitchell, auditor of the Alberta Government Telephones, Edmonton. St. Johns, New Brunswick, was selected as the association's convention city for 1930.

Hon. R. B. Bennett In Ottawa

Returns To East After Five Weeks' Tour Of British Columbia

Ottawa, Ont.—Hon. R. B. Bennett, opposition leader in the House of Commons, returned to the capital from a five weeks' tour of British Columbia, in the course of which he delivered more than 60 addresses.

Other dominions which are members of the League, likewise are preparing to make their declarations of adhesion, but there still remains the problem of reservations. In an endeavor to reach a common understanding the Dominion's representatives again met the representatives of Britain, Australia and New Zealand, both have reservations. Canada, too, may have a reservation but it is unlikely it will be made as far reaching as those out of the Antipodes. The Irish Free State and South Africa, are understood to be like New Zealand, both have reservations. Among suggested reservations is a provision that compulsory reference to the international court would not apply to disputes between units of the British Commonwealth.

Commander Byrd Unveils Portrait

Los Angeles, Calif.—A radio impulse by Commander Richard E. Byrd, from his Antarctic camp at Little America blew an automobile horn and drew curtains from an enlarged picture of Byrd at the Seventh National Radio exposition here.

Eighteen Day Trail Ride



The remote Columbia Ice Fields, north of Lake Louise, was the objective this year of the major Trail Ride of the season. These fields are claimed to be the largest body of ice south of the Arctic Circle, covering 260 square miles in area, whose waters flow in to three oceans. Only experienced trail riders are permitted to take this strenuous trip for which they must possess at least the silver button emblematic of 100 miles of trail riding. The trip from start to finish took eighteen days to complete. Picture shows two of the hardy trail riders, W. L. Payne, London, England, and Louis Prevost, of Montreal with Guy Thomas, Brewster's guide, on right, together with a section of the Columbia Ice Fields.

Gardiner Government Goes Down To Defeat

Remarkable Political Situation In Saskatchewan Ends With Want Of Confidence Vote

Regina.—The Liberal Government in Saskatchewan after a tenure of 24 years, went down to defeat on the floor of the Legislature on a vote of want of confidence. The defeat was brought about by the elected representatives of the people, Conservatives, Progressives and Independents joining together on the want of confidence vote.

The official count of the vote was:

Opposition, 34; Government, 27. Only one member of the House was absent when the vote was taken, namely, D. A. Hall, the Liberal member for Cumberland.

Mr. Gardner closed the debate on

the want of confidence motion for the Government, and was followed by E. S. Whatley, Progressive member for Kindersley, who made a short statement indicating the attitude of the Progressive members on the constitutional issues raised, and that they intended to support the motion.

A. C. Stewart, Independent member for Vancouver, followed Mr. Whatley, and stated that the Independent group would also vote for the amendment.

No member of the Conservative group spoke on the amendment, and at the conclusion of Mr. Stewart's speech the Speaker called for the vote.

Infantile Paralysis In East

Quebec Schools Delay Opening On Account Of Outbreak

Quebec.—Due to the outbreak of infantile paralysis in this district, it was decided by the Protestant Board of School Commissioners to postpone the opening of schools until Sept. 16. Schools in this city generally open the first week in September.

Dr. Alphonse Lessard, director of the provincial hygiene department, announced that the department was not in a position to supply convalescent serum to combat the disease, but in the event of urgent need would endeavor to secure a supply.

GOOD PROGRESS IS SHOWN IN GARNERING CROP

Ottawa.—Crop reports received from the three prairie provinces indicate excellent progress in the harvesting of the wheat crop. The bulletin issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics contains reports from the agriculture departments of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

The crop is practically all cut in southern Manitoba, and threshing is about 50 per cent. done in that part of the province.

A few fields still stand in the north. Splendid progress has been made with harvesting in Saskatchewan. Ninety per cent. of the wheat has been cut in Alberta, 60 per cent. of the oats and barley, and harvesting weather has been very favorable. Light frosts in scattered districts have done no harm to the Alberta crop. Estimates of the yield vary.

In Manitoba, wheat averaging from five to 25 bushels is reported. The average in Saskatchewan is nine to ten bushels.

The report for Saskatchewan follows:

Splendid progress made with harvesting operations. Wheat cutting nearly completed and about 75 per cent. of coarse grains.

From the Dominion experimental station, Swift Current: Thirty per cent. of threshing done; average nine to 10 bushels. Small amount of oats and barley threshed. Oat crop mostly will be used for sheep feed. Yields poor.

Winnipeg. — Western Canada's farmers, returning rest on the holiday week-end, sent marketing figures for Monday and Tuesday (Sept. 2 and 3), to a high total. Figures issued by Canada's two great railways showed that marketings for the two days reached a mark near 7,000,000 bushels.

On Canadian Pacific Railway lines 4,672,000 bushels were piled in bins ready for shipment, and Canadian National Railway points marked 2,327,000 bushels. Storage at Vancouver and at the head of the lakes rose to 4,438,736 bushels and 58,020,000 bushels, respectively.

Storage in country elevators increased 756,000 bushels.

During the past four days grain has been moving through terminals east and west.

THE SITUATION IN PALESTINE IS MORE SERIOUS

Jerusalem.—Moslem Arabs throughout the Holy Land and the bordering states are being called upon by highly inflammatory propaganda to revolt and move against the government of Palestine.

Floods of this propaganda material were said to have emanated from Jaffa, Haifa, Egypt, Damascus, Beirut and Aleppo and have been instrumental in the smoldering of renewed discontent which some regard as portentous.

One of the proclamations in circulation among the Arabs heralded a "holy war" and called upon all Arabs to help Arab insurgents in Palestine, whose condition was described in the blackest terms.

Although Jerusalem was quiet, British troops continued their incessant clashes with bands of tribesmen who have penetrated the Palestine borders.

Reports persisted, despite official denials, that skirmishes with Bedouins have occurred near Beer-sheba, in which six native Christians have been killed.

Jews, who hold the first proclamation of the high commissioner, Sir John Chancellor, as aiding and abetting their cause, were not so joyful over a second proclamation by the high commissioner, which announced constitution of special courts presided over by British judges to try the criminal cases among both Jews and Arabs, growing out of the recent disturbances.

London.—The situation in Palestine continues grave in communities where no troops have been sent, according to advice received by the Exchange Telegraph agent at Cairo. Aeroplanes have killed five and wounded 20 at Nablus.

At Haifa Jewish shops are still closed. The situation is calm, however, and people are returning work. Curfew regulations are maintained and troops patrol the streets nightly.

Jews and Arabs are boycotting each other. The Anglo-Palestine Bank, which is Jewish, refused bills of credit to Arabs while Arabs are boycotting the Rutenberg electricity company and the Jewish bank.

Following the repulse of Bedouin tribesmen by the British at Safed and Samakh, 80 wounded have arrived at Haifa. Aeroplanes have repulsed Arab forces endeavoring to attack Tiberias, and Arab losses are believed to be heavy.

Would Ask For Assurance

Premier MacDonald Should Have No Political Worries When He Visits States

London.—Discussing Premier Ramsay MacDonald's statement at Geneva, that the home parliamentary situation might possibly interfere with his trip to Washington, the Liberal newspaper, the Star, suggests editorially that opposition leaders give the Premier, before he leaves, firm assurance that the exigencies he fears will not arise and that when he goes to Washington it will not be as the leader of the Labor Government, but as the spokesman of the whole nation on the vital issues concerned.

Speaking of the possibility of his trip, the Premier pointed out the difficulty of the leader of a party without a clear majority being out of the country while parliament was sitting.

Returns From Arctic Trip

Steamer Beothle Back From Eight Thousand Mile Voyage

North Sydney, N.S.—The sealer "Beothle," back from eight thousand miles, and six weeks of threading the eastern archipelago of Canada's Arctic sea, arrived here recently. Scientists and the evidence of their discoveries in the north, welfare workers among the Eskimos, and members of the Canadian Mounted Police, back to civilization from their patrol of the world's loneliest beat, were on deck when the Department of the Interior's all-purpose supply boat docked here.

Among them is J. D. Soper, Canadian government naturalist, bringing with him to Ottawa the first blue goose ever seen in Canada.

Invitation For Ramsay MacDonald

Washington.—The American Federation of Labor will invite Premier Ramsay MacDonald to attend its 49th annual convention at Toronto, which begins on October 7, if it is found convenient for Mr. MacDonald to do so.

Growth of Canada

Member Of New York Stock Exchange Sees Great Future For This Dominion

In a recent issue of their monthly survey, a well known financial house, members of the New York Stock Exchange, states in part:

"Canada has been called one of the most fortunately situated countries in the world. Possibly the best evidence of this is to be seen in the steady growth during the past several years in agriculture, mining, forestry, power, railway earnings, foreign trade, bank deposits and in the maintenance of a high standard of living at a low cost. The gains in industry and trade are in many respects comparable to developments in the United States at the turn of the century."

"Gossip" regarding the future development of Canada, may, as was the case in the United States, mislead the general impression that Canada is capable of development only over a narrow strip is not tenable. Northern Canada is an amazing country in future wealth. Gold and silver, iron, copper and nickel deposits are extensive, and the territory subject to future development is vast. The north country is not new so far as settlement goes, but it is far from adequate development.

"Although the population of Canada is still under 10,000,000 she maintains a high place among the leading commercial nations. No country exports a greater amount of wheat, newsprint paper, nickel and asbestos. In the export of wheat flour Canada holds second place, and is third among the nations in the export of wood pulp. In addition, a high position is occupied in the export of such staple products as lumber and timber, fish, and meat products, cattle, hides and leather products, raw furs, copper, gold, lead, etc."

A Never Ending Task

Tiny Tree Creeper Works All Day and Every Day

It is most entertaining to watch a tree creeper at work. One of these birds was noticed by a naturalist some time ago, working on a great old elm half smothered by strangling ivy. This tiny bird usually begins its performance at the bottom of a tree, creeping round and round like a spider. The round-about journey is made in short, jerky movements, with constant stops to pick out insects from the crevices of the bark. The one under view completed its spiral ascent in about two minutes. Naming the insects obtained would be rather a difficult task because some of them are too small to be seen without the aid of a magnifying glass. On arriving at the top the acrobatic climber flew down to another tree and commenced climbing again. It is a never-ending task performed almost in silence. It appears to climb all day long and every day.

Satisfied With Treaty

Premier Mahmoud Pasha, of Egypt, recently returned from London, addressing 7,000 Egyptians at Alexandria, said that the new Anglo-Egyptian treaty allayed the 32 years of mutual misunderstandings and suspicions between Egypt and Great Britain. He prophesied that Britain in a few years would remove entirely her troops from the Suez Canal.

Then there was the tactful hotel manager who removed the sign, "Have you forgotten anything?" from every room of his hotel during the week of the Plumbers' Convention.

A bookmaker charged with bilking a policeman, said that he did not know that it was a policeman. Few bookmakers bother to test customers by biting them.



"You are a comic?"
"Yes."
"Married?"
"Yes."
"Then you are a tragic-comic!"—Hummel, Hamburg.

W. N. U. 1802

How Fashions Change

Bizarre Costumes Affected By the Good People Of Sixty Years Ago

At the opening of the Victoria Fair, not long ago, Premier Tolmie recalled the first fair held there, 68 years before. The ladies then wore crinolines, and small, neat bonnets tied under the chin with a wide ribbon. Dinky little parasols were held rigidly over the shoulder. Their movements were slow, graceful, charming. If they hurried, the frilled lace edge of a pantaloone flashed for a moment round a dainty ankle.

The men's costumes were also bizarre. It was the halcyon age which gave the world the stove-pipe hat; a real stove-pipe shape with narrow edge. Full beard and whiskers were in mode, for Mr. Gillette had not yet brought his gift to mankind. Some of the young bucks shaved the chin, but made up for this nakedness by sweeping Dandies. High, stiff collars or stockums mounted velvetine vests of gaudy colour; coats were mainly black, but often a bright blue or crimson, with large brass buttons. Gentlemen's pants were pulled up with the help of a shoe-horn, braced up high, and also fastened under the instep.

Nowadays the Victoria fair grounds are crowded with no such sights. We are more sedate. Maidens with wind-blown bobs, no hats, no stockings, a wisp of a sleeveless dress and a wrist watch wander about among the sideshows accompanied by youths in collars, sleeveless shirts, jazz jumpers, acres of violently checked plus-four pants and hose that look as if lightning had struck the woolen mill where they were woven. Fashions change, but the wind-blown bobs and the jazz jumpers take the same keen interest in the fat lady, the tattooed man, the human midgets, the sword-swallowers, and the fortune-tellers as did the crinolines and stove-pipe hats or sixty-eight years ago.—Free Press.

Superstition Is Common

Nearly Every Person Has Ideas About Good and Bad Luck

A woman recently died because her superstition would not allow her to call in a doctor on Friday. Saturday was too late. That superstition is still rife, to a lesser extent, proven by the fact that hundreds of thousands of people still consider that it is unlucky to walk under ladders. That it is unlucky to spit salt. That three candles on a table bring bad luck. That crossed knives spell unhappiness. That cutting one's nails on Friday is to court disaster. That the never-seen-through glass is an evil portent. That to open an umbrella in the house means disaster. Similarly, how many Londoners do not believe that it is lucky for a black cat to cross one's path, or that to fall upstairs spells a wedding? The war-time superstition of three lights from a match is still believed; there are probably several million people in England today who exclaim "Touch Wood" on the slightest provocation. In the country villages of England the superstitions firmly believe that to see a white horse means the presence in the vicinity of a red-haired girl, while a cross-eyed villager is still an object of suspicion to be compared by crossed fingers and a whispered incantation. Sailors and Irishmen are unanimously awarded pride of place among believers in the superstitious, nevertheless the Londoner is hard to beat.

Min'g In Northern Saskatchewan

Diamond drills will soon be working on the Mammoth group of claims in Northern Saskatchewan. It is reported that the major portion of the equipment has already been moved onto the property which has been optioned by Consolidated Smelters. The Mammoth group is situated about 35 miles northwest of Stanley Mission on the Churchill River.

Increase In Air Mail Carried

Canadian Colonial Airways carried 12,584 pounds of mail during the month of July, which is a slight increase over June figures. During the second quarter, the total carriages southbound from Montreal to Albany amounted to 4,607 pounds, though the northbound movement from New York was greatly in excess of this figure.

Easier Way

Visitor—Where did you get that fur coat?

Hostess—I got it in a swimming contest—we had to swim across the lake, and I did it in three hours and a half.

Visitor—You poor dear, I only wept for three minutes and my husband bought me a complete set of furs!

NEW BOARD OF GRAIN COMMISSIONERS



The photographs here show the new Board of Grain Commissioners just appointed. They are: (1) Hon. Charles Magill Hamilton, former minister of agriculture for province of Saskatchewan; (2) E. B. Ramsay, chairman, general manager of Canadian Wheat Pool, with headquarters at Winnipeg, and former banker, and (3) Prof. Duncan A. MacGillivray, professor of political economy of University of Alberta, and outstanding economist in western Canada, graduate in arts at McMaster University.

Doctors Say Canned Food Is Wholesome

Without Her Help United States Of Europe Will Not Materialize

Research Shows It To Be As Good As When Fresh

In the minds of many people there is an old-established prejudice, to some extent fostered in the past by the medical profession, against the consumption of canned foods, on the ground that they may produce some form of ptomaine of microbial poisoning. As a matter of fact, there is really no risk at all. More recent medical opinion has emphatically and authoritatively declared, after exhaustive research, that, whatever may once have been the case, modern methods of canning are so perfect that canned foods produced by reputable firms are now absolutely safe from suspicion, and, moreover, that they contain at least as large a proportion of the necessary vitamins as the same food when fresh and unpreserved. The case for canned foods as wholesome and nutritious articles of diet is, in fact, definitely established.

Originated Income Tax

Dr. Henry Beeke, An Oxford Don, Is Responsible For Idea

It is a curious fact that income tax was "invented" by an Oxford don. Dr. Henry Beeke, a fellow of Oriel College, who afterwards became Dean of Bristol, Beeke was Professor of Modern History at Oxford, though his real forte was finance, and he frequently assisted Vanstintart with the Budget during that statesman's long tenure of the Chancellorship of the Exchequer. Disgruntled tax-payers will learn with grim satisfaction that Dr. Beeke came to a sad end. He died in exile at Torquay, whether he had fled for refuge from the "Bristol riots" at the time of the first Reform Bill.

Gypsum Industry Growing

The continued activity in the building trades throughout the whole of Canada finds reflection in the demand for gypsum building materials and in consequence the gypsum industry in Canada is showing excellent progress.

She—The world is full of rascals. This morning the new leaven gave me a counterfeit half dollar.

He—Where is it, my dear? She—Oh, I've already got rid of it. Luckily the butcher took it.

A Job For England

With the Help of United States Of Europe Will Not Materialize

There are many immediate obstacles to the United States of Europe—nationalism, for example, than which nothing is more alien to the Graeco-Roman heritage—but ultimately there is only one obstacle, the antagonism between France and Germany. These two powers have not, it seems, enough inner strength to overcome this obstacle. But with the help of England, who is free from any such antagonism, they can overcome it. There is only one way this help can be given, but it is a very simple way—by being a friend to each alike and not alone to one than to the other. This, of itself, should end the antagonism between them; for the one, with England as a friend, will not fear the other, and the other will not dare to assault the one with England as a friend. The United States of Europe will come at England's hands or they will not come at all.—Manchester Guardian.

Famous Vatican Library

Books Are Concealed In Closed Cases and Cabinets

A curious feature of the Vatican Library, in the custody of which Cardinal Ehrle succeeds the late Cardinal Gasquet, is the pains which seems to have been taken to conceal it. You turn aside in a corridor not far from the Sculpture Gallery, and pass through a glass-panelled door, screened by a grating. Within is a great chamber, exquisitely decorated, but, at a first glance, without any sign of books. The books are there, however—ten thousand of priceless volumes—but all in closed cases and cabinets beautifully painted to harmonize with the general scheme of decoration.

May See Graf Zeppelin

The Zeppelin works in Germany, it is reported, are willing to sell the Graf Zeppelin, if the price asked for the huge dirigible is met. The price is believed to be in the neighborhood of around one and a half millions. The Japanese government is said to be interested in purchasing the liner.

A scientist declares there is no certain method of bringing on rain. What about going out of doors without an umbrella?

Fetes Golden Wedding



Captain James W. Troup, manager of Canadian Pacific British Columbia Coastal service, last month celebrated at one and the same time his golden wedding and the semi-centenary of his debut in British Columbia navigation. He is the eldest of three seafaring sons of Captain W. H. Troup who commanded ships between Panama and San Francisco in the fifties of the last century. James W. Troup was the first white man to navigate the Cascade Rapids, and having felled every position on shipboard before he was 21, knows every mile of water on the British Columbia coast. Photograph was taken of him and Mrs. Troup in the gardens of their home in Victoria.

Shipping Crates For Hogs

Method Of Constructing a Strong and Right Crate

The experimental farms ship out a great many hogs for breeding purposes, using individual crates in most cases. In his report for 1923, published by the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, the Dominion Animal Husbandman describes the method of constructing a strong and rigid crate that is light in weight. The size of the crate for hogs of different weights are: for hogs up to 75 pounds, 9 inches wide, 2 feet high, and 2 feet 10 inches long; from 75 to 100 pounds the dimensions have to be increased to 10 inches in width 2 feet 2 inches in height, and 3 feet in length. Hogs from 100 to 150 pounds require a crate 1 foot wide, 2 feet 6 inches high, and 3 feet 8 inches long. From 150 to 200 pounds the width should be 1 foot 2 inches, the height 2 feet 6 inches, and length 4 feet.

In constructing a crate it is first necessary to nail the floor firmly into the two floor skids then assemble each side and attach as a unit and nail in one end. The other end should consist of a removable gate set into grooves. Cross pieces should be placed across the top binding the two sides together. Spruce or pine is satisfactory wood to use. The floor skids should be 2 inches square and of the required length, and the lower skids on each side wider boards up to 7 or 8 inches may be used according to the experience of the Dominion Animal Husbandman.

Will Hardly Be Successful

Seminars Trying To Revive Popularity of the Kill

Patriotic Scotsmen are reviving an old-time plea for popularization of the kilt on the ground of comfort and economy. A peer, writing to the British press, claims to have worn the same kilt off and on for 30 years, and he declares it looks as fresh as ever! Other contributors assert that the kilt will outlast many pairs of trousers, and the chief objections of opponents are confined to the difficulty of finding suitable headgear—straw hats, berets, silk hats and felt being declared undesirable for the purpose. No one seems to have risen in defence of the bonnet, the appropriate headress with the Highland garb, and yet it comes nearest in neatness of material to the fashion in which youths are trying to interest their elders of going without head covering at all. It is hardly expected that the champions of the kilt will gain much support outside their own circles. As an everyday dress, the kilt has outworn its use, except as a regimental or picturesque garb. Before the steam engine, the automobile and the aeroplane began to bridge distances and take the rigors out of travel the kilt had claims which could not be denied.—Christian Science Monitor.

Animals As Swimmers

Tigers and Pigs Are Quite At Home In The Water

The animals which fail as swimmers, we are told, are camels, giraffes, llamas, monkeys and kangaroos, but the first two can manage, if their balance is preserved by a boat. Monkeys are often fond of paddling. Kangaroos jump about in the water and will drown a bather if they can leap on him. Contrary to the tradition of centuries, pigs are at home in the water, and in times of flood have been known to swim for miles. Among the land animals the tiger stands out as a first-class swimmer.

Sure To Follow

The cabbies were having their sandwiches at lunch time.

Said the first, "There's one thing about you, Albert, vot I have always thought was rather odd."

"'O,'" said his friend.

"'Yus,'" continued the other. "You allus touches ye 'orse up on the right side. Why don't you give 'im on the left side now an' again for a change?"

"I dunno," replied his friend. "But it don't matter much, anyway. As long as I got one side agoin' the other's pretty sure to folter!"

In one of London's hospitals last year 127 miles of bandages were used.

The orange crop of Brazil is gaining in importance

Grading Flour For Britain

Marketing Under Distinctive Marks Would Increase Demand Is Opinion

The markets branch of the Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture is advised that in the opinion of millers, bakers and others concerned in the manufacture and distribution of flour in Great Britain, the definition of national standards of quality, and the marketing of supplies of standard qualities under distinctive marks would improve the demand for wheat flour.

It is proposed, therefore, to introduce a scheme for the voluntary grading and marketing of English wheat flour under the Agricultural Products Act, 1928. The national mark will be used with a grade standard quality and a trade committee consisting of growers, manufacturers and distributors has been named by the Minister of Agriculture for Great Britain.

A registered packer (miller) must allow his business premises and all equipment and records to be inspected at any reasonable time by any officer appointed by the minister of agriculture and when national mark flour is being milled or packed, must allow such officer to be present and take sample of wheat going forward to be milled. The scheme will come into operation on October 1, 1929.

Filming Interior Of Buckingham Palace

Will Be Used For Picture Dealing With Empire Fruit Trade

Huge lamps, cameras, and all the paraphernalia of the moving picture have at last invaded Buckingham Palace, where, for the first time in history, interior scenes are being filmed, says the London Daily Sketch. These will be used for a moving picture dealing with the empire fruit trade.

The film will depict a small boy who is taken by a fairy prince to the king's palace. The royal chef is seen stirring a gigantic Christmas pudding, made entirely of empire products, in the royal kitchen. Work on the film is still in progress inside the palace.

Pictures will be taken shortly inside the magnificent gold and scarlet throne room and the other state apartments. When the film is released the public will have its first opportunity of seeing the interior of the state apartments.

Almost the only section of the palace which will not appear in the film are the private apartments of the king and queen.

Special permission was given by the King for a British film dealing with the empire fruit trade to be made inside the palace during the absence of the court at Sandringham. When the journey to Norfolk was postponed, however, the King desired that the filming should proceed, according to arrangements.

World's Loftiest Capital

Bolivian City Built On Mountain 12,150 Feet Above Sea Level

La Paz, Bolivia, where the people are demonstrating against Paraguay, is the loftiest capital in the world, for it stands on a mountain top 12,150 feet higher than Quito, in Ecuador, and 5,000 feet higher than Mexico City. Its nearest rival for height is the far distant Lhasa, which stands at an altitude of 11,830 feet. The mean temperature of La Paz is 50 degrees Fahrenheit. But the cold nights are relieved by fireside comforts, as the folk have nothing to burn, neither coal nor trees in the desolate mountainous regions around the city.

Rastus—Here's dat quatalah Ah borrowed from yuh last year.

Sambo—Yuh done keep it so long dat Ah don't know if it's wuff while for me to change mah 'pinion of yuh jes' fo' two bits.

The moon's actual color is brown, astronomer's believe.



"That must have been very good whisky Jones gave us last night because there was so little of it." —Karakature, Oslo.

W. N. U. 1802

More cups to the pound, more flavor in the cup, more tang to the taste. That's what makes Red Rose Tea so popular. Every package guaranteed.

RED ROSE TEA

"is good tea"

RED ROSE ORANGE PEKOE is extra good
In the best package—Clean, bright aluminum

The Singing Fool

By HUBERT DAIL

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SYNOPSIS

At Stone, the singing waiter and song writer at Blackie's, a New York night club, is discovered by Marcus, the famous Broadway revue producer. Al innately helps Molly, the ballad singer at Blackie's, because he loves her. Molly makes him not loving her, and he climbs up the ladder of fame. Meanwhile, Grace, the cigarette girl at Blackie's, who loved Al without his knowing it, is left behind. Molly discovers she is to have a baby. She returns this at first, but is received coldly after Junior arrives. But when she returns to the stage she loses interest in John. Perry. Her romantic interest is in John. Perry. Al's best friend is received and Grace goes with him riding in Molly's limousine. She also sees the man put his arm possessively about Molly.

CHAPTER XII.

Night on Broadway. The richly dressed limousine crowds had left the theatres and were pouring into the fashionable night clubs. The electric signs on the night clubs blinked, beamed and beckoned. "Herr," they seemed to say, "you may find success from care, here you may eat, drink and be merry until dawn—if you have the price!"

Brightest among these indifferently beclouded lights was the brilliant sign of the CLUB BOMBO, where Al Stone was part owner and master of ceremonies. What, in contrast to the shabby old place where he had once worked—Blackie Joe's. Al often thought of it. And what a contrast between the job he now held and his old one. Once he had been a mere singing waiter, eager for the tips that the more affluent patrons of Blackie's place threw him when they happened to like his comic songs and his ad lib whale-cracking. Now he was using his fame as Broadway's foremost song writer to put the shekels into his pocket at the Club Bombo. He was the magnet, the favorite of the big-time crowds. They called him the "Singing Fool," because he could put his songs over with such emotional intensity.

The ballroom of Al's club was expensive and expansive, designed to hold the huge crowds that flocked there. The tables spread across the room in army of round white tops, with a small cleared space in the middle for the cabaret performers and for dancing. One of the best jazz orchestras in the land furnished music from a raised platform at one side.



IT'S folly to suffer long from neuralgia, neuritis, or headache, when relief is swift and sure, thanks to Aspirin. For 28 years the medical profession has recommended it. It does not affect the heart. Take it for colds, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago. Gargle it for a sore throat or tonsillitis. Proven directions for its many uses, in every package. Every drug store today has genuine Aspirin which is readily identified by the name on the box and the Bayer cross on every tablet.

ASPIRIN
Aspirin is a trademark registered in Canada

"You bet it does!" cried Molly vehemently and almost bitterly. "If I didn't think so I would never have let you come near me."

John Perry smiled. He knew the cool, calculating, ambitious Molly was mad about him. But he was mad about her, too. At first his interest had been the lightest of heart affairs, for he was a born philanderer, but gradually the situation had changed. To his own amazement a longing for Molly possessed him; now he found himself willing to dare anything to get her.

Suddenly she turned to him and said gravely, "What about my baby—what about Junior?"

But Perry had no answer to that; he merely shrugged his shoulders. He wanted Molly to himself, without any entanglements. Molly gave a tired smile and fixed her gaze on the broad back of the chauffeur, just ahead. How much did that man know of her interest in John?

Her unspoken words were cut short as Perry's arm went around her, and she felt herself drawn relentlessly toward him. In the dark compartment of the limousine her lips were pressed hard against his mouth; his arms were around her like a vice. She forgot Al and Junior, forgot her ambitions, forgot everything but that passionate embrace of the man who held her. She relaxed for a thrilling moment and smiled into the eyes only a few inches from her own. Then she pulled herself abruptly away, for the car was approaching the Club Bombo!

She quickly snatched a jeweled compact from her tiny bag, gazed at her in the mirror, patted her disarranged hair back into shape. Her rough lips had been smeared, so she seized Perry's handkerchief, gently wiping off the excess rouge. Meanwhile, the racketeer gazed at her in admiration and brushed her face powder from his top-coat lapel.

"You've mussed me terribly."

"Sorry," whispered the impudent Perry.

The chauffeur swung open the limousine door and Molly stepped out. Straight ahead she saw Al in the night club doorway, smiling at her expectantly.

(To Be Continued.)

Farm Incomes Higher

Average Increased By Seventy-Five Dollars In Year

The average cash income per farm home in the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta last year was \$2,544, exclusive of the value of seed, feed, meat vegetables and other commodities produced and retained by the farmer for his own requirements. This is an increase of \$75 per home over the previous year.

The Oil Of The People—Many oils have been compounded, but Dr. Thomas' Electrolic is compound to maintain its position and increase its sphere of usefulness each year. Its sterling qualities have brought it to the front and kept it there, and it can truly be called the oil of the people. Thomas' oil has been tested by it and will use no other preparation.

This done, Al looked up, smiling happily, and glanced at her watch. She should be here by now.

At that moment Molly and John Perry were comfortably ensconced in her blue limousine, proceeding with purposeful slowness toward the Club Bombo. Molly had told the chauffeur not to hurry.

She sat leaning against Perry's strong shoulder, while they conversed intimately in whispers. Perry was pleading, but Molly shook her head, although undecidedly.

"John, it's too complicated for me to solve. I love you, but—"

"But what?"

"Well, think of my position. Here I am, with all the money I can spend and all the public applause my nature craves. I'm sitting pretty, you can't deny that."

"I know all that. I've heard it a thousand times. But there's one thing you haven't got and that's important. You have no husband to love whom you happen to love. Think it over."

Molly stared soberly straight before her, twining and untwining her small, white-gloved fingers.

"Are you falling in love with Al?"

whispered the racketeer, bantering and sarcastically. "Do you like him more than me?"

Molly shrugged her shoulders impatiently. "We won't go into that—you know the truth. The point is, Al has put me over. I wouldn't be famous if it wasn't for him. I'm no sap—I know that. That's why I've stuck to him so long. If I quit him he'll turn me and where will I be? Just a girl who will drift back into the unknown."

"Nonsense, Molly!" exclaimed Perry. "You're a star in your own right. Besides, is fame everything? Doesn't love count for something?"

A Friend to Women
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., Lynn, Mass., U.S.A. and Cobourg, Ont., Canada.

W. N. U. 1802

Minard's Liniment—The King of Pain.



Requires Aid Of People

If Timber Resources Of Empire Are To Be Preserved

The London Times has issued a warning which should be noticed throughout the British Empire. It declares that the enormous timber resources of the Empire are a rapidly waning asset. Further than that, it says that unless an end is put to extravagant waste, and new timber reserves created in suitable areas, the day must inevitably come when the world's supplies will prove unequal to the demand. Indeed, the opinion has been expressed by competent authorities that this day is not very far off. The aid of the people is required in this matter; for if the farmers would take advantage in Canada of the free offers of young trees for plantations, it would help enormously, and why should not municipalities do so too, and earn revenues? One wonders, too, why thousands of acres of waste land in Great Britain are not used for forestry purposes. This would provide employment for the unemployed and wealth for posterity.



An Amazing Project

Plan To Make Inland Sea In Sahara Is Feasible

Ancient prophecies may be fulfilled if a project declared feasible by engineers is carried out. It involves making a vast inland sea in the Sahara, and that would be accomplished by digging a canal which would begin about twenty-five miles from Biskra and run out to the Gulf of Gabes in Algeria. It would be 210 yards wide, thirty-nine yards deep 170 miles long. It would connect the eight short (shallow saline lakes), that exist in that region, and would transform it into a vast interior sea having a surface of 14,000 square miles.

IS THERE A BABY IN YOUR HOME

Is there a baby or young children in your home? If so, send a box of Baby's Own Tablets and we will send a quick and easy means should always be at hand to promptly fight them. Baby's Own Tablets are the ideal home remedy. They regulate the bowels, cure constipation and indigestion; break up colds and simple fevers—in fact they relieve all the minor ills of little ones. Concerning them Mrs. Moses Calvert, of Milwaukee, Que., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets are the best remedy in the world for little ones. My baby suffered terribly from indigestion and vomiting, but the Tablets soon relieved him. The above are sold by medicine dealers or av. mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Willmott's Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A Fresh Cherry Tree
A cherry tree at Salem, Oregon, known to be over 70 years old, has produced 1,157 pounds of cherries this year, bringing a total of \$15,70. The tree is ten feet around the base and the body sound, according to R. E. Shlim, who has been caring for it.

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Gives MORE Service

Proven for two years to be the most economical, long-lasting and satisfactory of all "B" batteries. Built of flat cells packed tightly together. Entire battery filled with current-making material, giving more service for your money. No waste space between cells and all other "B" batteries. No fine soldered wires to make trouble. Small wonder most battery-powered sets are "Going Layerbilt." The few extra cents spent on Eveready Layerbilt batteries will return you weeks or months more service.

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Pupils prepared for the Toronto Conservatory (Local Exams.)

YOUNGSTOWN CENTRE

TERMS: \$1.00 PER LESSON

Pianos & Organs tuned and regulated.

Address: YOUNGSTOWN, Alta.

A Farmer's Life

Down on the farm, 'bout half-past four,
I slip on my pants and sneak out of
the door;
Out of the yard I run like the dickens
To milk ten cows and feed the
chickens,
Clean out the barn, curvy Nancy and
Jiggs,
Separate the cream and slop all the
pigs.

Work two hours, then eat like a Turk,
And, by heck, I'm ready for full
day's work.

Then I grease the wagon and put on
the rack,

Throw a jug of water in an old grain
sack,

Hitch up the horses, hustle down the
lane,

Must get the grain in, for it looks like
rain.

Look over yonder! Sure as I'm born,
Cattle on the rampage and cows in
the corn!

Start across the medder, run a mile or
two,

Heaving like I wind broke, get wet
clear through.

Get back to the horses, then for recom-
pense

Nancy gets straddle the barbed-wire
fence,

Joins all a-aching and muscles in a
jerk,

I'm fit as a fiddle for a full day's work.

Work all summer till winter is nigh,
Then figure up the books and heave a
big sigh.

Worked all year, didn't make a thing;
Got less cash now than I had last
spring.

Now, some people tell us that there
ain't no hell,

But they never farmed, so they can't
tell.

When spring rolls 'round I take an-
other chance,

While the fringe grows longer on my
old gray pants.

Give my spenders a hitch, my belt
another jerk,

And, by heck, I'm ready for a full
year's work.

A Good Showing and May
Better Results Follow

The school term has com-
menced and it behooves those
who intend to partake of the
facilities offered to take full
advantage of them from the
start of the term. In some in-
stances this has not been the
case, and creates much dissatisfaction
and inconvenience to both the teaching staff and
trustees.

Results obtained in grades
viii, ix, x, and xi. last year
were, we understand, about the
highest obtained by any school
in the province—an average of
92 per cent.

The pupils who
passed so successfully are to be
commended, and no doubt their
parents, teachers and the com-
munity at large feel proud of
them.

Chinook Consolidated
School, for the past two years,
has reason to feel proud of the
progress made, and we sincerely
trust that no pupil, from the
youngest to the oldest, will be

unfaithful to their task or to
those instructing them. Many
may be of the impression that
success or failure lies entirely
with their instructors, but such
is not the case, for much de-
pends upon the pupil's atten-
tiveness and ability to receive
that instruction and make use
of it. With the pleasant sur-
roundings that the pupils of
this district have with their
school building and grounds,
we hope to have the pleasure
next year of saying "they did
not rest on their oars," but
"followed through" with even
better results than those ob-
tained last term.

A survey of the feed situation
in the dry parts of the province,
made during the past week by
field men of the department of
agriculture, shows that there is
more hay available for winter sup-
plies than was expected, but that
feed oats will be very short. Ow-
ing to the drought the farmers in
general have exerted themselves

to cut and store every ton of hay
possible, and also because of the
dry weather a great quantity of
slough hay.

Chinook United Church
Sunday, Sept. 15th
Divine Service 3.00 p.m.
Subject: "The Truth."
We cordially invite you to worship
with us.

Pastor, J. D. Woollatt, B.A.
CHINOOK CATHOLIC CHURCH
Service Second Sunday Every Month
Mass at 8.00 a.m.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

House For Sale

Close to school, at a bargain. For
particulars see P. Peifer, Chinook.

For Sale

A number of iron beds, springs and
mattresses in good repair. Apply
management of the Acadia Hotel.

For Rent

HOUSE TO RENT. Apply to M.
L. Chapman.

J. W. Bredin
Licensed Auctioneer
FOR DATES
Phone 4 CEREAL or Write Box 49

W. W. Isbister

General Blacksmith

Coulters and Dics Sharpened
Horse shoeing and General
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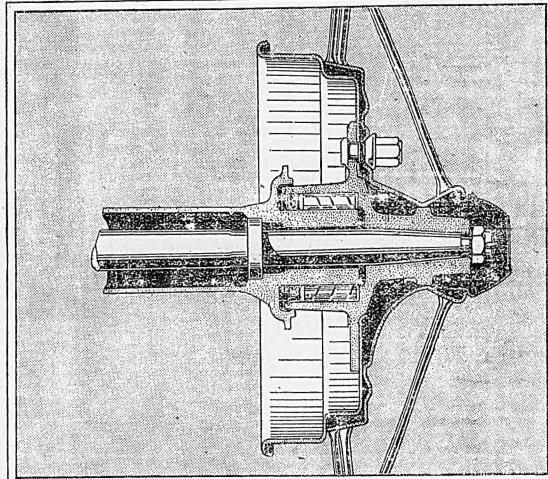
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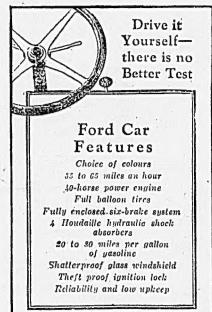
Expense no object in Achieving Perfection

THE rear axle of the Ford car is of the three-quarter floating type with spiral bevel gear. The pinion hub is exceptionally heavy, and, as the pinion is carried on double taper roller bearings, perfect alignment of the gear is always assured. The rear axle has a total of four roller bearings which add considerably to the cost of manufacture but are a protection for the owner against wear.

Special care is taken to insure silence in the pinion and ring gears. These are made up in sets and carefully matched, each set being run in to eliminate all possibility of noise in operation.

The differential side gears are forged integral on the rear axle shafts and the teeth cut. This permits of lighter and more simple construction. The shafts are unusually strong, and, as the centre line of the wheel comes over the bearings, there is no overhang of the axle shaft, and it has no weight to support.

The use of malleable castings is eliminated in this new axle housing which is made entirely of steel. Bell forgings welded to steel tubing make up the shaft housing which is bolted to an all steel differential housing. The care and skill devoted to the manufacture and assembly of rear axle parts is typical of the high standards of Ford engineering.

Drive it
Yourself—
there is no
Better Test

Ford Car
Features
Choice of colors
25 to 25 miles an hour
10-horse power engine
Full balloon tires
Fully enclosed side-ventilator system
4 Houdaille hydraulic shock absorbers
20 to 25 miles per gallon of gasoline
Shatterproof glass windshield
Theft-proof ignition lock
Reliability and low upkeep

Arrange for your demonstration ride with the
nearest Ford dealer

COOLEY BROS.

Phone 10

Service Garage

Chinook, Alta.

To the
Purchasing
Public

Your local merchant always has a message for you. When you have read it do not be backward in asking for the SPECIALS he is offering. Often you are a little short of cash you ask him for credit to enable you to send your cash to the mail order houses. Why should you be so afraid to ask to see the goods and get the price from the man who is living in your midst? When you order from a mail order house help to pay for the catalogue received and have not the privilege of inspecting the goods about to be purchased.

We also wish to remind the purchasing public in general that the home paper can also furnish you with the Printed Stationery needed, and in many instances at prices below outside firms.

JUST RECEIVED the latest sample book of Christmas Cards, and are open to take orders for same.